Social Studies Grad Exam Cram Session Day 2/Part 2

Chapter Seven: Expansion and Industrialization (1860-1914)

Directions: Answer each question completely as you read pages 90-101 of the grad exam workbook.

1. Who were the Buffalo Soldiers?

2. What animal did Indian tribes such as the Sioux and the Chippewah depend on for food, clothing, and shelter?

3. What act of Congress was intended to assimilate the Native Americans into the mainstream of society?

4. Did the Dawes Act achieve its goal?

5. What was the name of the Sioux leader who the army believed was using the Ghost Dance to start up a Native American uprising?

6. What was the last battle between the Native Americans and the United States Army?

7. What was the new faster, more efficient way of making steel?

8. List 6 important developments that led to continental expansion of the West?

   1.

   2.

   3.

   4.

   5.

   6.

9. Through the ___________, farmers pooled their resources to purchase new machinery, and together, the farmers purchase supplies and machinery, as well as sold their produce without paying off distributors.

10. Which political party was formed in the 1892 to address the concerns of farmers and other reformers?
11. Which insect destroyed much of the cotton crops of the South during this time period?

12. What allowed the United States to hear the developments in Europe immediately through telegraph messages?

13. Who is credited with the invention of the telephone?

14. Who is credited with the invention of the radio?

15. Who were the nineteenth century businessmen who acquired much of their wealth by exploitation and ruthlessness?

16. List the three most famous robber barons?

17. The robber barons believed in Social Darwinism. What is this philosophy?

18. Which robber baron owned the Standard Oil Company and created a monopoly in the oil industry?

19. Which robber baron owned a steel company, controlled iron and coal mines, and owned railroads and believed in the ‘Gospel of Wealth’?

20. What is the ‘Gospel of Wealth’?

21. Who wrote many children’s stories about people gaining wealth through hard work and diligence?

22. In response to worsening labor work conditions, workers organized into ________________.

23. Unions put pressure on the employers in an industry to do what?

24. List three examples of laws regulating the workplace that Unions fought or have put in place?

   1.

   2.

   3.

25. Which law in 1882 prohibited Chinese from legally immigrating to the United States?
26. Which act in 1921 attempted to limit immigration from Southern and Eastern Europe?

27. The National Origin Act of 1924 reduced the number of immigrants from Southern and Eastern Europe to _____ percent and prohibited all immigration from ________________.

28. Which movement developed in response to growing corruption of politicians by the forces of big business?

29. Progressives championed the causes of whoever was being _________ in society.

30. Progressives fought to bring down ______ who gained enormous wealth and power through bribery and corruption.

31. Who were the leading intellectuals of the time who wrote stories about the abuses of big businesses on workers and consumers?

32. What book by Upton Sinclair exposed the miserable working conditions and dangerous food quality in meat processing plants in Chicago?

33. What was the name of the book Ida Tarbell wrote about the ruthless practices of Standard Oil in building a monopoly in the oil business?

34. Horace Mann began the push for __________ in the early nineteenth century.

35. Which amendment gave the Congress the power to tax business and individual income?

36. Which amendment allowed the people of each state to elect their own senators instead of the state legislatures?

37. Define the 18\textsuperscript{th} Amendment.

38. Define the 19\textsuperscript{th} Amendment.

39. Who was the progressive president who initiated several major reforms while in office?

40. Which president established the National Park Service?

41. Who was the Democratic candidate who won the election of 1912 because Taft and Roosevelt split the Republican vote?
42. What is the name of the commission that has the power to investigate companies for unfair business practices?

43. What act made sure that businesses couldn’t use the antitrust laws to break up unions?

44. What is the name of the journey many black citizens from the South to the North in order to escape unfair treatment in the South?

45. Who founded Tuskegee Institute in Alabama for black citizens?

46. The Tuskegee Institute provided training in the ______ and ______ fields.

47. What was the name of Booker T. Washington’s speech that appealed to many black and white people with its call for blacks to excel educationally?

48. Which African American became famous for his agricultural experiments with soybeans, cotton, and peanuts?

49. Who was the first black graduate of Harvard University who wrote several papers attacking the philosophy of Booker T. Washington?

50. What was the name of the organization founded by black and white intellectuals and joined by W.E.B. Dubois that called for an end to segregation?

51. What Supreme Court case stated that segregation was lawful as long as the separate facilities were equal?

52. The Alabama Constitution of 1901 added the requirement of a ________ test or ______________ ownership to be able to vote.