

Building Excellence

Health Services

Sick Day Exclusions

As a parent, there are times when you are unsure whether your child should attend school and when to seek medical care. As a whole, school-aged children and youth are a healthy, robust group. A student can expect to get 2 to 9 colds per year.

This list serves as a guideline in managing students and is not inclusive. All students will be evaluated on a case by case basis by the school nurse. The decision to send your child home will be made on an individual basis based on the school nurse's professional judgement. The goal is to keep our students safe and healthy.

When to keep your child home:

Symptom	Child must be at home?
Fever:	YES- when accompanied by behavior changes
Elevated temperature of 100.4 F or greater.	or other symptoms of illness, i.e. rash, sore throat, stomach ache/vomiting, diarrhea, coughing, headache, earache. The student will be sent home for two days (48 hours). The student should be fever free without the use of fever-reducing medicines, for a complete school day before returning to school.
Vomiting:	YES-until vomiting resolves (no further
Two or more episodes of vomiting in the past	vomiting for 24 hours). Student should be
24 hours.	observed for other signs of illness and for dehydration.
Diarrhea:	YES-if the child looks or acts ill; if the child
Frequent, loose or watery stools compared	has diarrhea with temperature elevation of
to child's normal pattern; not caused by diet or medication.	100

Conjunctivitis:	YES- until discharge and signs of infection
Pink/reddish color to white part of the eye	have cleared or completion of 24 hour
and thick discharge may be yellow or	treatment with ophthalmic solution
greenish in color.	prescribed by a health care provider.
Impetigo:	YES- for 24 hours after medical treatment
Blister like lesions which develop into	initiated.
pustules. May "weep" and crust.	Note: Lesions must be covered for school
	attendance.
Ringworm	NO-Treatment initiated
A common skin infection, usually resulting in	Note: Lesions must be covered for school
red, itching, scaly circular rash.	attendance.
Rash with Fever:	Yes- seek medical advice. May return after
Any new rash accompanied by a fever.	rash goes away or clearance given by a health
	care provider.
Open Wound:	Yes- If any drainage from a sore that cannot
Any open wound, draining or pustule lesion	be contained within a bandage or sores that
on the skin.	are increasing in size or new sores need to be
	evaluated by a health care provider.
Other	Yes-Recommendations from a health care
Symptoms that prevent the student from	provider are indicated.
active participation in usual school activities	
or student is requiring more care than school	
can safely provide.	

Please consult your doctor promptly if there is any doubt about the condition of your child. Follow the directions from your child's physician or school nurse before returning to school.

References:

National Institutes of Health Centers for Disease Control and Prevention December 2016